

SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2024

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Sakarwala Capital Securities (Pvt) Ltd.

SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Sakarwala Capital Securities (Private) Limited** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies, information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2024 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the directors' report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

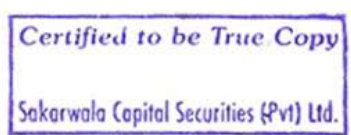
Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business;
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.
- e) the Company was in compliance with the requirement of section 78 of the Securities Act 2015, and section 62 of the Futures Act, 2016, and relevant requirements of Securities Brokers (Licencing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 as at the date on which the financial statements were prepared.
- f) the Company was in compliance with the relevant requirements of Future Brokers (Licensing and Operations Regulations), 2018 as at the date on which the statement of financial statements was prepared.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Azeem H. Siddiqui – FCA.**


Chartered Accountants

Karachi :
Dated : October 04, 2024
DUIN : AR2024102323SczuW2o0


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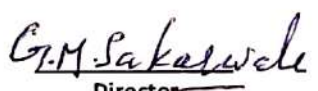
SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT JUNE 30, 2024

	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	4	20,600,367	23,341,045
Investment property	5	49,500,000	49,500,000
Intangible assets	6	3,250,000	3,250,000
Long term investment	7	24,376,828	14,081,852
Long term deposits	8	4,010,000	4,010,000
		<u>101,737,195</u>	<u>94,182,897</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade debts - unsecured	9	61,504,959	20,132,052
Short term investments	10	4,828,470	11,016,440
Investment in margin financing	11	-	3,299,240
Advances, deposits and other receivables	12	31,985,033	46,249,569
Bank balances	13	372,942,325	180,976,347
		<u>471,260,787</u>	<u>261,673,649</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>572,997,982</u>	<u>355,856,546</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital		<u>100,000,000</u>	<u>100,000,000</u>
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	14	100,000,000	100,000,000
Capital Reserve			
General reserve		2,720,820	2,720,820
Surplus on revaluation of property and equipment	15	16,535,928	18,373,253
		<u>19,256,748</u>	<u>21,094,073</u>
Revenue Reserve			
Unappropriated profit		86,360,307	72,454,181
Surplus / (deficit) on re-measurement of equity investment at FVOCI		7,157,059	(3,137,917)
		<u>93,517,366</u>	<u>69,316,264</u>
Total equity		<u>212,774,114</u>	<u>190,410,337</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loan	16	-	6,035,597
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	17	360,223,868	159,410,612
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>572,997,982</u>	<u>355,856,546</u>
Contingencies and commitments	18	-	-

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive




Director

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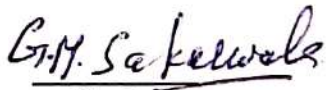
SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Operating revenue	19	38,253,451	23,149,692
Capital gain on sale of investments - net		7,279,274	2,583,104
Unrealised gain / (loss) on remeasurement of short term investments		2,880,690	(2,394,025)
Dividend income		1,529,080	1,500,345
		49,942,495	24,839,116
Administrative expenses	20	(67,377,468)	(43,561,612)
Financial charges	21	(852,951)	(477,925)
Other income	22	31,903,687	22,250,041
Profit before income tax and levy (minimum tax)		13,615,762	3,049,620
Final taxes	23.1	(229,362)	(331,725)
Minimum tax	23.2	(878,634)	-
Profit before income tax		12,507,766	2,717,895
Taxation	24	(438,964)	(309,741)
Profit for the year		12,068,802	2,408,154
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	25	12.07	2.41

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive




Director

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Sakarwala Capital Securities (Pvt) Ltd.

SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023
	-----Rupees-----	
Profit for the year	12,068,802	2,408,154
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
Unrealised gain / (loss) on re-measurement of Investment at FVOCI	10,294,976	(5,385,357)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	22,363,778	(2,977,203)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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 Chief Executive




 Director

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 Sakarwala Capital Securities (Pvt) Ltd.

SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

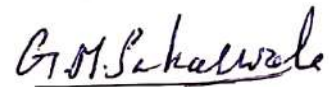
Particulars	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	CAPITAL RESERVE		REVENUE RESERVE		Total
		Capital Reserve	Surplus on revaluation of property and equipment	Unappropriated Profit	Surplus on re-measurement of equity Investment	
Rupees						
Balance as at June 30, 2022	50,000,000	2,720,820	20,414,726	118,004,554	2,247,440	193,387,540
Transaction with owners directly charged to equity						
Issue of bonus share @ 100%	50,000,000	-	-	(50,000,000)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2023						
Profit after taxation	-	-	-	2,408,154	-	2,408,154
Unrealised loss on remeasurement of Investment at FVOCI	-	-	-	-	(5,385,357)	(5,385,357)
	-	-	-	2,408,154	(5,385,357)	(2,977,203)
Transfer of incremental depreciation on	-	-	(2,041,473)	2,041,473	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2023	100,000,000	2,720,820	18,373,253	72,454,180	(3,137,917)	190,410,337
Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2023						
Profit after taxation	-	-	-	12,068,802	-	12,068,802
Unrealised gain on remeasurement of Investment at FVOCI	-	-	-	-	10,294,976	10,294,976
	-	-	-	12,068,802	10,294,976	22,363,778
Transfer of incremental depreciation on revaluation surplus	-	-	(1,837,325)	1,837,325	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2024	100,000,000	2,720,820	16,535,928	86,360,307	7,157,059	212,774,114

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

4.


Chief Executive




Director

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Sakarwala Capital Securities (Pvt) Ltd.

SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023
Note	-----Rupees-----	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before Income tax and levy (minimum tax)	13,615,762	3,049,620
<u>Adjustment for non-cash items:</u>		
Depreciation	2,740,679	3,164,672
Financial charges	852,951	477,925
Reversal of provision for doubtful debts	-	(2,918,181)
Gain on sale of property and equipment	-	(1,180,099)
Capital gain on sale of investments - net	(7,279,274)	(2,583,104)
Unrealised loss/(gain) on remeasurement of short term investments	(2,880,690)	2,394,025
Operating (loss)/profit before working capital changes	(6,566,334)	(644,762)
<u>Changes in working capital</u>		
Trade debts	(41,372,907)	(10,470,472)
Advances, deposits and prepayments	17,544,000	(21,441,055)
Receivable against margin financing	3,299,240	2,548,665
Trade and other payable	200,813,256	88,410,493
Net changes in working capital	180,283,589	59,047,631
Financial charges paid	(852,951)	(135,010)
Minimum, final and tax paid	(4,826,426)	(2,997,731)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	181,653,640	58,319,747
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale proceed on disposal of property and equipment	-	1,205,000
Short term investment-net	16,347,934	2,583,104
Net cash generated from /(used in) investing activities	16,347,934	3,788,104
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loan paid	(6,035,597)	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(6,035,597)	-
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	191,965,977	62,107,851
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year	180,976,347	118,868,496
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	13 <u>372,942,325</u>	<u>180,976,347</u>

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive




Director

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SAKARWALA CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1 Legal Status and Nature of Business

Sakarwala Capital Securities (Private) Limited was incorporated under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 ('the Ordinance') which has now been replaced with Companies Act, 2017 ('the Act'). The Company is a corporate member of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX).

The Company is a TREC (Trading Right Entitlement Certificate) holder of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (Formerly: Karachi Stock Exchange Limited) and a member of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited (PMEX). The Company is principally engaged in brokerage of shares, stocks, securities, commodities and other financial instruments, securities research, financial consultancy and underwriting.

The address of the company's offices are as follows:

Registered address

- Room No: 114, 3rd Floor, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi.

Branch office

- Room No: 130, 3rd Floor, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi.

- Room No: 605, 3rd Floor, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi.

- Room No: 606, 3rd Floor, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi.

2 Basis of Preparation

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards), issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act"); and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS standard, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention except, for office building in property and equipment, which have been carried at revalued amount , investment property which have been carried at fair value, long term and short term investment in quoted equity securities which have been carried at their fair values.

2.2.1 These financial statements have been prepared on settlement date basis.

2.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is functional and presentation currency of the Company and have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

2.4 Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience, industry trends, legal and technical pronouncements and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in these financial statements relate to the following:

- Property and equipment and depreciation (refer note 3.1 & 4)
- Intangible assets and amortization (note 3.3)
- Taxation (note 3.10)
- Provisions (note 3.5)
- Contingencies (note 18)



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2.5 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO THE APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

- 2.5.1 There are certain amendments and interpretations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period which began on July 1, 2023. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements except as disclosed in note 3 to these financial statements.
- 2.5.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company:

Standard or Interpretation		Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2024
IAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows (Amendments)	January 01, 2024
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	January 01, 2024
IAS 21	The Effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Amendments)	January 01, 2025
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 01, 2026
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	January 01, 2026
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 01, 2026

- 2.5.3 The above standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations are not likely to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.
- 2.5.4 Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards and interpretation, which have not been notified locally or declared exempt by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) as at 30 June 2024;

IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
IFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangement
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently in the preparation of these financial statements.

3.1 Property and Equipment

Property and equipment (except for office premises) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Office premises are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Office building is stated at revalued amount and revaluation of office building will be conducted every 5 years. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits as associated with the item will flow to the Company and its cost can be reliably measured. Cost incurred to replace an item of property and equipment is capitalized and the asset so replaced is retired from use and its carrying amount is derecognised. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on all property and equipment is charged to statement of profit or loss using reducing balance method over the asset's useful life at the rates stated in Note no 4. The depreciation on property and equipment is charged full in the month of acquisition and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal. Gains or losses arising on disposal of item of property and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate at each reporting date.

3.2 Investment Property

The company's accounting policy for valuation of investment properties is fair value model in accordance with IAS 40 Investment Property.

Valuation of investment property is carried out by qualified independent valuer. The fair value is determined on the basis of professional assessment of current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition.

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As regards final taxes, its computation is based on revenue or other bases other than taxable income, therefore, final taxes fall under levy within the scope of IFRIC-21/IAS-37, hence treated and classified accordingly, as per the requirements of / and guidelines issued by ICAP.

In identifying and classifying each component of minimum tax being hybrid in nature, company designate the amount calculated on taxable income using the notified tax rate as an income tax within the scope of IAS - 12 "Income taxes" and recognize it as current income tax expense. Any excess over the amount designed as income tax, is recognized as a levy falling under the scope of IFRIC-21/IAS-37.

3.10.1 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to item recognized directly in other comprehensive income in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the enacted or substantively enacted rates of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates, if any.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they arise, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The company recognizes deferred tax asset to the extent it is probable that taxable profits for the foreseeable future will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent it is no longer probable that related tax benefit will be realized.

3.11 Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition of Financial Assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following three categories:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost.
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

71

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Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when either:

- (a) It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding; or
- (b) it is an investment in equity instrument which is designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income in accordance with the irrevocable election available to the Company to at initial recognition.

Financial assets at FVTPL

A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as aforesaid.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets measured at amortized cost.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost (determined using the effective interest method) less accumulated impairment losses.

Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment losses arising from such financial assets are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Equity Investments at FVOCI

These are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss. On derecognition, gain and losses accumulated in capital reserves are reclassified to unappropriated profit.

Debt Investments at FVOCI

These are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest/markup income is calculated using effective interest rate method, and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss account. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gain and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income /capital reserves are reclassified to statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains or losses arising from remeasurement of such financial assets as well as any interest income accruing thereon are recognized in statement of profit or loss.

Non Derivative Financial Assets

All non derivative financial assets are initially recognized on trade date i.e the date on which the company becomes party to respective contractual provisions. Non derivative financial assets comprise of loans and receivables that are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in active markets. The company derecognizes the financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfer the right to receive the contractual cash flow in a transaction in which substantially all risk and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred or it neither transferred nor retain substantially all of the risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred assets.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or 'at fair value through profit or loss' (FVTPL). A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss account. Other financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using effective interest method.

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Financial liabilities are initially recognized on the date on which the company becomes party to respective contractual provisions. Financial liabilities include markup bearing loans and trade and other payables.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been substantially modified.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the company has legally enforceable right to offset and the company intends to either settle on net basis, or to realise the asset and to settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when permitted by accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Impairment

Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowance for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVTOCI at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs except for the financial assets in which there is no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or financial assets which are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, in which case 12 months' ECL is recorded. The following were either determined to have low or there was no increase in credit risk since initial recognition as at the reporting date:

- bank balances;
- employee receivables
- other short term receivables; and
- receivables from PMEX and NCCPL

Loss allowance for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to life time ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL's company considers reasonable and supportable information that it is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both qualitative and quantitative information and analysis, based in the company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and include forward looking information.

Life time ECLs are the ECLs that results from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12 months ECLs are portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECLs are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured at the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortized cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to statement of changes in equity.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3.13 Changes in accounting policy

During the year, the Company changed its accounting policy of recognizing the portion of income tax paid or payable for the year under the Ordinance, not based on the taxable profits of the Company, as a Levy under IFRIC-21/IAS-37 instead of the current income tax for the year under IAS-12. There is, however, no material impact on the financial statements of the prior year.

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4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
4.1	20,600,367	23,341,045

Property and equipment

4.1

Particulars	COST				DEPRECIATION				WDV as on 30-06-2024	Rate %
	As On 01-07-2023	Additions / Transfers	(Disposals)	As On 30-06-2024	Up To 01-07-2023	On Disposal / transfers	Charge For The Year	As On 30-06-2024		
Office Building	60,251,957	-	-	60,251,957	40,970,154	-	1,928,180	42,898,334	17,353,623	10%
Office Equipment	675,316	-	-	675,316	631,495	-	8,764	640,259	35,057	20%
Furniture and Fixture	448,299	-	-	448,299	435,705	-	2,519	438,224	10,075	20%
Veicles	8,388,620	-	-	8,388,620	4,390,796	-	799,565	5,190,361	3,198,259	20%
Computer Equipement	1,225,241	-	-	1,225,241	1,220,237	-	1,651	1,221,888	3,353	33%
June 30, 2024	70,989,433	-	-	70,989,433	47,648,387	-	2,740,679	50,389,066	20,600,367	
June 30, 2023	70,989,433		1,105,835	69,883,598	45,564,650	(1,080,934)	3,164,672	47,648,388	22,235,210	

4.1 Had there been no revaluation, the net carrying value of office building would have been Rs. 817,695 (2023 :Rs. 908,550).

Revaluation was performed by Anjum Adil and Associate, an Independent valuer on 21 April, 2021 resulting in surplus amounting Rs. 25,203,049.

4.3 The forced Sale Value (FSV) of the revalued office building at the date of revaluation was Rs. 21.060 million.

5 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
5.1	49,500,000	49,500,000

5.1

Amount in Rupees										
Particulars	COST				DEPRECIATION				WDV as on 30-06-2024	Rate %
	As On 01-07-2023	Additions / Transfers	Gain/ loss as per IAS-40	As On 30-06-2024	Up To 01-07-2023	On Disposal / transfers	Charge For The Year	As On 30-06-2024		
Shop #1, Sulaiman Arcade	682,673	-	49,163,611	49,846,284	346,284	-	-	346,284	49,500,000	5%
June 30, 2024	682,673	-	49,163,611	49,846,284	346,284	-	-	346,284	49,500,000	
June 30, 2023	682,673		49,163,611	49,846,284	346,284			346,284	49,500,000	

5.1 The investment property consist of Shop No-S-1, Ground Floor, Sulaiman Arcade, Plot No # 11, sub plot S-1, Block No#3, Bihar Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, Sharfabad, Jamal ud din Afghani Road Karachi. The investment property consist of 450 Square feet.

5.2 Revaluation was performed by Anjum Adil and Associate, an independent valuer on 21 April, 2021.

Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
------	----------------	----------------

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC)
PMEX Membership Card

6.1	2,500,000	2,500,000
	750,000	750,000
	3,250,000	3,250,000

6.1 This represents TREC received by the company in according with the Stock Exchange (Corporatisation, Demutualization and Integration) Act 2012, as ammended by Stock Exchange (Corporatisation, Demutualization and Integration)(Ammedment) Act, 2015. The TRE Certificate is stated cost less accumulated impairment loss.
PSX Vide notice no. PSX/N-225 Dated February 16, 2021 the notional value of Trading Right Entitlement Certificate which amounting to Rs 2.5 millions.

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7. LONG TERM INVESTMENT		2024	2023
		Rupees	
At fair value through Other comprehensive income			
Investment in shares of Pakistan Stock Exchange	7.1	24,376,828	14,081,852
7.1 This represents 1,902,953 (2023: 1,902,953) shares of Pakistan Stock Exchange.			
8. LONG-TERM DEPOSITS			
Trading deposit			
NCCPL basic deposit		200,000	200,000
NCCPL ready market deposit		200,000	200,000
NCCPL future market deposit		1,000,000	1,000,000
Deposit against office		2,500,000	2,500,000
CDC deposit		100,000	100,000
Security deposit			
Other deposits	8.1	10,000	10,000
		4,010,000	4,010,000
8.1 This represent deposit with PSX for railway land.			
9. TRADE DEBTS - CONSIDERED GOODS			
Trade debts	9.1 & 9.2	61,504,959	20,132,052
Less: Loss allowance		-	-
		61,504,959	20,132,052
		Note	
		2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
9.1 Aging analysis of related parties balances			
Not yet due		8,587,700	-
Upto 3 months		34,802,308	400
		43,390,008	400
The maximum aggregate balance outstanding during the year Rs. 43,390,008 (2023 Rs. 400).			
9.2 Aging Analysis			
Upto five days		9,367,118	7,449,078
More than five days		8,747,833	12,682,575
		18,114,951	20,131,652
10. SHORT TERM INVESTMENT			
At fair value through profit or loss			
Investment in quoted securities	10.1	4,828,470	11,016,440
10.1 Investment in various equity shares carried at market value.			
10.2 The details of Securities pledged with PSX and NCCPL are			
		Number of Securities	Fair Value Rupees
		Number of Securities	Fair Value Rupees
Client and Directors		1,087,189	152,091,530
		1,087,189	152,091,530
		1,246,500	114,769,225
		1,246,500	114,769,225
10.3 The details of Securities pledged with financial institutions are			
		Number of Securities	Fair Value Rupees
		Number of Securities	Fair Value Rupees
Client and Directors		-	-
		471,500	23,019,780
		471,500	23,019,780

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	2024	2023
	Rupees	
11. RECEIVABLE IN MARGIN FINANCING		
Receivable in margin financing from clients	-	3,299,240
12. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Income tax refundable-net of provision	23,258,700	19,979,236
NCCPL - Future Market Exposure	3,000,000	10,000,000
NCCPL - Future Market Profit/(loss)	3,375,323	14,560,687
PMEX - Clearing Deposit	500,000	-
Other Receivable	1,851,010	1,709,646
	<u>31,985,033</u>	<u>46,249,569</u>
13. BANK BALANCES		
Cash at bank		
- Current account	144,469	383,699
- Saving account	372,797,856	180,592,647
13.1	<u>372,942,325</u>	<u>180,976,346</u>

13.1 The interest rate on saving accounts ranges from 15% to 18% per annum.

13.2 This includes Rs. 348,081,352 million (2023: Rs.142,071,365.6) kept in designated bank accounts maintained on behalf of clients.

14. SHARE CAPITAL

14.1 AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL

2024	2023		2024	2023
Number of Shares			Rupees	
1,000,000	1,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each	100,000,000	100,000,000

14.2 ISSUED SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2024	2023		2024	2023
Number of Shares			Rupees	
1,000,000	1,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs 100 each fully paid in cash	100,000,000	100,000,000

14.2.1 Pattern of Shareholding

S. NO.	SHAREHOLDERS	CLOSING	Percentage Holding
1	Ghulam Mustafa Sakarwala	180,000	18%
2	Ghulam Mujtaba Sakarwala	341,000	34%
3	Munira Sakarwala	180,000	18%
4	Ghulam Murtaza Sakarwala	149,500	15%
5	Ghulam Muhammad Sakarwala	149,500	15%
6	Aziza Bano	-	-
TOTAL		1,000,000	100%

14.2.3 The changes in shareholding above 5 % is disclosed in above schedule.

14.3 All ordinary shares rank equally with regards to the company's residual assets. Holders of the shares are entitled to dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the company. There is no agreement among shareholder in respect of voting rights, board selection, right of refusal and block voting.

44.

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	Note	2024 -----Rupees-----	2023
15. SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT			
Surplus as on July 1, 2023		18,373,253	20,414,726
Revaluation surplus on office building		-	-
Transferred to Unappropriated profit on account of:			
Incremental depreciation - net of tax		(1,837,325)	(2,041,473)
Surplus as on June 30, 2024		<u>16,535,928</u>	<u>18,373,253</u>
15.1 This represents surplus on revaluation of office building including in property and equipment adjusted by incremental depreciation on revaluation surplus which is presented at revalued amount. Last valuation was performed by Anjum Adil and Associate, an independent valuer on 21 April, 2021 resulting in surplus of Rs. 25,203,049. The company has a policy to carry valuation of office building after every 5 years.			
	Note	2024 -----Rupees-----	2023
16. LONG TERM LOAN			
Long term loan		<u>-</u>	<u>6,035,597</u>
16.1 The director loan amounting Rs. 6,850,000 repaid during the year.			
17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLE			
Trade payable		351,023,935	152,014,405
Accrued expenses		6,154,925	972,576
Auditors' remuneration		220,000	321,400
Other liabilities		2,825,008	6,102,232
		<u>360,223,868</u>	<u>159,410,612</u>
18. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
18.1 There were no contingencies and commitments as at June 30, 2024 (June 30, 2023 : Nil)			
19. REVENUE FROM CONTRACT WITH CUSTOMERS			
Brokerage Revenue	19.1	<u>38,253,451</u>	<u>23,149,692</u>
19.1 Breakup of brokerage revenue			
- Institutional clients		-	300,855
- Retail clients		<u>38,253,451</u>	<u>22,848,837</u>
		<u>38,253,451</u>	<u>23,149,692</u>
20. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Salaries and allowances		53,428,144	33,389,985
Printing, stationary and periodicals		33,425	39,574
Utilities		771,934	619,537
Communication expense		462,619	488,695
Rent, rates and taxes		830,628	835,952
Transaction charges		6,368,300	2,555,559
Repair and maintenance		969,934	1,094,249
Fees and subscription		166,500	242,925
Depreciation		2,740,679	3,164,672
Auditors' remuneration	20.1	201,000	186,400
Legal and professional Fee		475,259	196,875
IT services		864,961	688,580
Miscellaneous		64,085	58,610
		<u>67,377,468</u>	<u>43,561,612</u>
20.1 Auditor remuneration			
Audit fee		120,000	100,000
System audit fees		81,000	86,400
Out of pocket		-	-
		<u>201,000</u>	<u>186,400</u>

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21. FINANCE COST	Note	2024	2023
		Rupees	
Unwinding of long term loan from director		814,403	342,915
Bank charges		38,548	135,010
		<u>852,951</u>	<u>477,925</u>
22. OTHER INCOME			
Profit on bank deposits		30,776,619	17,812,520
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		-	1,180,099
Profit on cash margin		872,476	339,241
Reversal of provision for doubtful debts		-	2,918,181
Other		254,592	-
		<u>31,903,687</u>	<u>22,250,041</u>
23. TAXATION			
23.1 This represents final taxes paid under section 150 & 37A of Income Tax Ordinance (ITO, 2001) representing levy in terms of requirement of IFRIC-21 / IAS-37.			
23.2 This represents portion of minimum tax paid under section 113, 233 & 153(1)(b) of Income Tax Ordinance (ITO, 2001), representing the levy in the terms of requirements of IFRIC-21/ IAS-37.			
24 Current			
- Current year		-	531,019
- Prior year		438,964	(221,278)
Net tax charge		<u>438,964</u>	<u>309,741</u>
25 EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED			
Profit for the year (Rupees)		<u>12,068,802</u>	<u>2,408,154</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (numbers)		<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)		<u>12.07</u>	<u>2.41</u>
26 REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTOR			

The aggregate amounts charged in these financial statements for remuneration , including benefits to Chief Executive and Directors are as follows.

	Chief Executive		Directors	
	-----Rupees-----			
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Managerial Remuneration	1,200,000	1,200,000	900,000	900,000
Bonus	-	400,000	-	600,000
Commission	-	-	-	-
	<u>1,200,000</u>	<u>1,600,000</u>	<u>900,000</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

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27 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

27.1 Financial instrument by category

27.1.1 Financial assets

Financial assets measured at fair value

Investment at fair value - OCI

Investment at fair value - P&L

2024			
At fair value through profit or loss	At fair value through OCI	At Amortized Cost	Total

-	24,376,828	-	24,376,828
4,828,470	-	-	4,828,470
4,828,470	24,376,828	-	29,205,298

Financial assets not measured at fair value

Long term deposits

Trade debts - unsecured

Investment in margin financing

Deposits and prepayments

Bank balances

-	-	4,010,000	4,010,000
-	-	61,504,959	61,504,959
-	-	-	-
-	-	8,726,123	8,726,333
-	-	372,942,325	372,942,325
-	-	447,183,407	447,183,617

4,828,470	24,376,828	447,183,407	476,388,914
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Financial assets measured at fair value

Investment at fair value -OCI

Investment at fair value -P&L

2023			
At fair value through profit or loss	At fair value through OCI	At Amortized Cost	Total

-	14,081,852	-	14,081,851.98
11,016,440	-	-	11,016,440.23
11,016,440	14,081,852	-	25,098,292.21

Financial assets not measured at fair value

Long term deposits

Trade debts - unsecured

Investment in margin financing

Deposits and prepayments

Bank balances

-	-	4,010,000	4,010,000
-	-	20,132,052	20,132,052
-	-	3,299,240	3,299,240
-	-	26,270,333	26,270,333
-	-	180,976,346	180,976,346
-	-	234,687,972	234,687,972

11,016,440	14,081,852	234,687,972	259,786,264
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Bank balances

27.1.2 Financial Liabilities at amortized cost

Long term Loan

Trade and other payables

2024	2023
Amount	Amount
-	6,035,597
360,223,868	159,410,612
360,223,868	165,446,209

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27.2 Financial risk management

The company primarily invests in marketable securities and are subject to varying degrees of risk.

The Board of Directors of the company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework. The company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk
Liquidity risk
Market risk
Operational risk

27.2.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking in to account the fair value of any collateral. Credit risk arises from the inability of the issuers of the instruments, the relevant financial institutions or counter parties in case of placements or other arrangements to fulfil their obligations.

Exposure to Credit risk

Credit risk of the company arises principally from the trade debts, short term investments, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The company allows to trade in future contracts after taking appropriate margins.

Credit risk is minimised due to the fact that the company invests only in high quality financial assets, all transactions are settled/paid for upon delivery. The company does not expect to incur material credit losses on its financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2024 Rupees	2023
Long term investment	24,376,828	14,081,852
Long term deposits	4,010,000	4,010,000
Trade debts - unsecured	61,504,959	20,132,052
Short term investments	4,828,470	11,016,440
Investment in margin financing	-	3,299,240
Advances, deposits and other receivables	31,985,033	46,249,569
Bank Balances	372,942,325	180,976,347
	<u>499,647,615</u>	<u>279,765,501</u>

27.2.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions due to dynamic nature of business.

2024					
	carrying amount	contractual cash flows	up to one year	one to two years	Two to five years
Financial Liabilities					
Long term Loan	-	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	360,223,868	360,223,868	360,223,868	-	-
	<u>360,223,868</u>	<u>360,223,868</u>	<u>360,223,868</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
2023					
	carrying amount	contractual cash flows	up to one year	one to two years	Two to five years
Financial Liabilities					
Long term Loan	6,035,597	6,035,597	-	6,035,597	6,035,597
Trade and other payables	159,410,612	159,410,612	159,410,612	-	-
	<u>165,446,209</u>	<u>165,446,209</u>	<u>159,410,612</u>	<u>6,035,597</u>	<u>6,035,597</u>

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27.2.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, management manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management and investment policies and guidelines.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. Currently there is no currency risk as all financial assets and liabilities are in PKR.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market risk. The company is not exposed to interest rate risk as there is no interest based liability or asset.

	2024	2023
	-----Rupees-----	
Assets Subject to Variable Rates of Interest		
Bank Balances in Profit & Loss Sharing Accounts	<u>372,797,856</u>	<u>180,592,647</u>

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factor affecting all or similar financial instrument traded in the market.

The company's listed securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about the future value of investment securities. The company manages the equity price through diversification and all instruments are made through surplus funds.

The company is exposed to other price risk on investment in listed shares. The company manages the risk through portfolio diversification, as per recommendation of investment committee of the company. The committee regularly monitors the performance of investees and assess the financial performance on on-going basis.

The 10 percent increase/(decrease) in market value of these instruments with all other variables held constant impact on profit and loss account of the company is as follows:

	Before Tax	
	10% Increase	10% Decrease
As at 30th June 2024	<u>32,125,827</u>	<u>22,588,463</u>
As at 30th June 2023	<u>27,608,121</u>	<u>5,569,173</u>

27.3 Fair value of Financial instruments

The Carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate to their fair value. The company measures fair value using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

The company only hold listed assets amounting to Rs 29.20 million (2023: 25.098 million) that are recorded at quoted price.

27.4 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

27.4.1 CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL

	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
Total Assets	572,997,982	355,856,546
Less: Total Liabilities	(360,223,868)	(165,446,209)
Less: Revaluation Reserves	(16,535,928)	(18,373,253)
Capital Adequacy Level	<u>196,238,186</u>	<u>172,037,084</u>

While determining the value of total assets of TREC holder, the Notional value of the TREC held by Sakarwala Capital Securities (Private) Limited as at year ended 30th June 2024 determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange has been considered.

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28 LIQUID CAPITAL BALANCE

28.1 Liquid Capital Balance as at 30th June, 2024

The below statement has been prepared in accordance with the regulation 6(3) and schedule 3 of the securities broker (Licensing and Operations) Regulation, 2016.

S. No.	Head of Account	Value In Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
1	Assets			
1.1	Property & Equipment	70,100,367	70,100,367	-
1.2	Intangible Assets	3,250,000	3,250,000	-
1.3	Investment in Govt Securities	-	-	-
	Investment in Debt Securities			
	If listed then:			
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.	-	-	-
	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	-	-
	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	-	-
1.4	If unlisted then:			
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.	-	-	-
	ii. 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	-	-
	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	-	-
	Investment in Equity Securities			
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each security on the cutoff date as computed by the Clearing House for respective security whichever is higher.	29,205,298	5,355,868	23,849,430
1.5	Provided that if any of these securities are pledged with the securities exchange for maintaining Base Minimum Capital requirement, 100% haircut on the value of eligible securities to the extent of minimum required value of Base Minimum Capital			
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value.	-	-	-
1.6	Investment in subsidiaries			
	Investment in associated companies/undertaking			
1.7	i. If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.	-	-	-
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.	-	-	-
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity	4,000,000	4,000,000	-
	(i) 100% of net value, however, any excess amount of cash deposited with securities exchange to comply with requirements of base minimum capital, may be taken in the calculation of LC		-	-
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.	3,000,000	-	3,000,000
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	-	-	-
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments	10,000	10,000	-
	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.	1,851,010	-	1,851,010
1.12	Nil	-	-	-
	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties			
1.13	Dividends receivables.			
	Amounts receivable against Repo financing.			
1.14	Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the Investments.	-	-	-
	Advances and receivables other than trade Receivables;			
1.15	(i) No haircut may be applied on the short term loan to employees provided these loans are secured and due for repayments within 12 months.	-	-	-
	(ii) No haircut may be applied to the advance tax to the extent it is netted with provision of taxation.	-	-	-
	(iii) In all other cases 100% of net value	23,258,700	23,258,700	-
1.16	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)			
	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MTM gains.	3,375,323	3,375,323	-
	Receivables from customers			
	i. Incase receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if			
	(i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based haircut,	-	-	-
	(ii) cash deposited as collateral by the financee	-	-	-
	(iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VaR based haircut.	-	-	-
	i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.			
	ii. Incase receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value.	-	-	-
	ii. Net amount after deducting haircut			
	iii. Incase receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract,	-	-	-
	iii. Net amount after deducting haircut			
1.17	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value.	9,367,118	-	9,367,118
	Balance sheet value			
	v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of			
	(i) the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts,	8,747,833	6,956,732	6,956,732
	(ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and			
	(iii) the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VaR based haircuts.			
	v. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments			
	vi. In the case of amount of receivables from related parties, values determined after applying applicable haircuts on underlying securities readily available in respective CDS account of the related party in the following manner:			
	(a) Up to 30 days, values determined after applying var based haircuts;	8,587,700	-	8,587,700
	(b) Above 30 days but upto 90 days, values determined after applying 50% or var based haircuts	34,802,308	17,401,154	17,401,154
	whichever is higher;			
	(c) above 90 days, 100% haircut shall be applicable.	-	-	-

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	vi. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments			
	Cash and Bank balances			
1.18	I. Bank Balance - proprietary accounts	24,860,973	-	24,860,973
	II. Bank Balance - customer / client accounts	348,081,352	-	348,081,352
	III. Cash In hand	-	-	-
	Subscription money against investment in IPO/ offer for sale (asset)			
	(i) No haircut may be applied in respect of amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not been allotted or are not included in the Investments of securities broker.	-	-	-
1.19	(ii) In case of Investment in IPO where shares have been allotted but not yet credited in CDS Account, 25% haircuts will be applicable on the value of such securities.	-	-	-
	(iii) In case of subscription in right shares where the shares have not yet been credited in CDS account, 15% or VAR based haircut whichever is higher, will be applied on Right Shares. Balance sheet value or Net value after deducting haircuts	-	-	-
1.20	Total Assets	572,497,982	133,708,144	443,955,468
2	Liabilities			
	Trade Payables			
2.1	I. Payable to exchanges and clearing house	-	-	-
	II. Payable against leveraged market products	-	-	-
	III. Payable to customers	351,023,935	-	351,023,935
	Current Liabilities			
	I. Statutory and regulatory dues	6,154,925	-	6,154,925
	II. Accruals and other payables	3,045,008	-	3,045,008
	III. Short-term borrowings	-	-	-
2.2	IV. Current portion of subordinated loans	-	-	-
	V. Current portion of long term liabilities	-	-	-
	VI. Deferred Liabilities	-	-	-
	VII. Provision for taxation	-	-	-
	VIII. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	-	-	-
	Non-Current Liabilities			
	I. Long-Term financing	-	-	-
2.3	II. Staff retirement benefits	-	-	-
	III. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	-	-	-
	Note:			
	1. 100% haircut may be allowed against long term portion of financing obtained from a financial institution including amount due against finance leases.			
	2. Nil in all other cases			
2.4	Subordinated Loans			
	100% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are allowed to be deducted:	-	-	-
	Advance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities broker:	2,720,820	2,720,820	-
2.5	100% haircut may be allowed in respect of advance against shares if:			
	a. The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital	-	-	-
	b. Board of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital	-	-	-
	c. Relevant Regulatory approvals have been obtained	-	-	-
	d. There is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all regulatory requirements relating to the increase in paid up capital have been completed.	-	-	-
	e. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of capital.	-	-	-
2.6	Total Liabilities	362,944,688	2,720,820	360,223,868
3	Ranking Liabilities Relating to :			
	Concentration in Margin Financing			
3.1	The amount calculated on client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees. (Provided that above prescribed adjustments shall not be applicable where the aggregate amount of receivable against margin financing does not exceed Rs 5 million) Note: Only amount exceeding by 10% of each financee from aggregate amount shall be included in the ranking liabilities	-	-	-
	Concentration in securities lending and borrowing			
3.2	The amount by which the aggregate of: (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL, (ii) Cash margins paid and (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed (Note only amount exceeding by 110% of each borrower from market value of shares borrowed shall be included in the ranking liabilities)	-	-	-
	Net underwriting Commitments			
3.3	(a) In the case of right issue : If the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price, the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issue where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitment (b) In any other case : 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments	-	-	-
	Negative equity of subsidiary			
3.4	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary	-	-	-
3.5	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions 5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency	-	-	-
3.6	Amount Payable under REPO Carrying value	-	-	-
	Repo adjustment			
3.7	In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities. In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received, less value of any securities deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser.	-	-	-
	Concentrated proprietary positions			

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Concentration proprietary positions			
3.8	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security.	-	-
	If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security	-	2,437,683
Opening Positions in futures and options			
3.9	I. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securities held as collateral / pledged with securities exchange after applying VaR haircuts		
	II. In case of proprietary positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met	-	-
Short sell positions			
3.10	I. In case of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts	-	-
	II. In case of proprietary positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.	-	-
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities	-	2,437,683

Calculations Summary of Liquid Capital

(i) Adjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.20)	443,955,468
(ii) Less: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.6)	(360,223,868)
(iii) Less: Total ranking liabilities (series number 3.11)	(2,437,683)
Net Liquid Capital as on 30-06-2024	81,293,918

29 DISCLOSURES UNDER SECURITIES BROKERS (LICENSING AND OPERATIONS) REGULATIONS, 2016

Following additional disclosures not elsewhere disclosed in these financial statements are being provided to comply with the requirements of the Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016:

29.1 Customer assets	2024	2023
Bank balances in designated bank accounts	348,081,352	142,071,366
Market value of client securities in the Central Depository Company	1,964,515,731	1,317,293,439
29.2 Pledged securities		
Clients Securities pledge with NCCPL	152,091,530	114,769,225
Proprietary securities Pledge with PSX and NCCPL	-	-
Clients securities pledge with banks	-	23,019,780

30 BASE MINIMUM CAPITAL

In compliance with the Regulation 19.2 of the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, every Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) holder registered as a broker under Broker and Agent Registration Rule, 2001, is required to maintain a Base Minimum Capital (BMC) in the amount and form as prescribed in the Rule on the basis of Assets Under Custody (AUC). As per the said regulation, as at 30 June, 2024, the company is required to maintain BMC of Rs. 25,369,879.

	2024	2023
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Eligible securities value	29,977,393	24,346,207
BMC Requirement	(25,369,879)	(23,270,968)
Excess	4,607,514	1,075,239

31 RESEARCH ANALYST

The company has neither any research department nor any person employed for research.

11

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32. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Details of transactions and balances with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

		2024	2023
		Rupees	
Transaction with related party	Nature of transaction		
Name of related party			
Ghulam Mujtaba Sakarwala	Brokerage commission	-	3,000
Ghulam Mustafa	Markup on loan	-	342,915
Ghulam Mustafa	Loan repaid	6,850,000	
Balances of related party	Nature of balances		
Name of related party			
Aziza Bano	Trade debtors	14,545	-
Ghulam Mujtaba Sakarwala	Trade debtors	43,390,008	-
Ghulam Mustafa	Trade debtors	300	-
Ghulam Mustafa	Trade Creditors	47,910,660	200
Munira Ghulam Mujtaba	Trade Creditors	25,418,964	-
Ghulam Mujtaba Sakarwala	Trade Creditors	101,417,192	-
Ghulam Murtaza Sakarwala	Trade Creditors	37,282,304	-
Ghulam Muhammad	Trade Creditors	24,332,009	200
Ghulam Mustafa	Loan payable	-	6,035,597

33. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

	2024	2023
	Number of employees	Number of employees
Total number of employees at year end	25	23
Average number of employees during the year	24	20

34. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on 04-10-2024 by the Board of Directors of the company.

35. GENERAL

Figures have been rearranged and reclassified wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison and have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.


Chief Executive Officer




Director

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Sakarwala Capital Securities (Pvt) Ltd.